### §617.44

- (2) The individual can dispose of the individual's residence:
- (3) The individual or a family member is ill; and
- (4) A member of the individual's family is attending school and when the member can best be transferred to a school in the area of relocation.
- (b) Time limits. The reasonable period for actually beginning a relocation move shall expire 182 days after the date of application for a relocation allowance, or 182 days after the conclusion of training approved under subpart C of this part 617, or approved under the regulations in former 29 CFR part 91, in effect prior to its redesignation as this 20 CFR part 617 and its concurrent revision.

# §617.44 Findings required.

- (a) Findings by liable State. Before final payment of a relocation allowance may be approved, the following findings shall be made by the liable State:
- (1) The individual meets the eligibility requirements for a relocation allowance specified in §617.42(a) (1) to (6) and §617.42(b).
- (2) The application for a relocation allowance was submitted by the individual within the time limits specified in §617.41(c);
- (3) The individual began and completed the relocation within the limitations specified in  $\S617.42(a)(7)$  and  $\S617.43$ ; and
- (4) The liable State has verified (directly or through the agent State) with the employer, and finds, that the individual has obtained suitable employment affording a reasonable expectation of employment of long-term duration, or a bona fide offer of such suitable employment, in the area of intended relocation, in accordance with §617.42(a)(6).
- (b) Agent State. (1) When an individual relocates in a State other than the liable State, the State agency of the State in which the individual relocates shall serve as the agent State and be responsible for:
- (i) Assisting the individual in relocating to the State, and in filing an application for a relocation allowance with the liable State, and

- (ii) Assisting the liable State by furnishing to it any information required for the liable State's determination on the claim.
- (2) The agent State shall cooperate with the liable State in carrying out its activities and functions with regard to such applications. When requested by the liable State, the agent State shall verify with the employer and report to the liable State whether the individual has obtained suitable employment affording a reasonable expectation of employment of long-term duration, or a bona fide offer of such suitable employment.

[59 FR 939, Jan. 6, 1994]

#### §617.45 Amount.

- (a) *Items allowable*. The amount payable as a relocation allowance shall include the following items:
- (1) 90 percent of the travel expenses for the individual and family, if any, from the individual's place of residence to the area of relocation, as determined under §617.46;
- (2) 90 percent of the expenses of moving household goods and personal effects of the individual and family, if any, not to exceed the maximum number of pounds net weight authorized under the Federal travel regulations (see 41 CFR part 101-7), between such locations, as determined under §617.47;
- (3) A lump sum payment, equal to 3 times the individual's average weekly wage, not to exceed \$800.
- (b) Reduction. The amount otherwise payable under paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section shall be reduced by any amount the individual is entitled to be paid or reimbursed for such expenses from any other source.
- [51 FR 45848, Dec. 22, 1986, as amended at 51 FR 45869, Dec. 22, 1986]

## §617.46 Travel allowance.

(a) *Computation.* The amount of travel allowance (including lodging and meals) payable under §617.45(a)(1) shall be 90 percent of the total costs of each of the following allowable transportation and subsistence items:

- (1) *Transportation*. The more cost effective mode of transportation reasonably available shall be approved by using:
- (i) The actual cost of transportation for the individual and family, if any, by the most economical public transportation the individual and family reasonably can be expected to take from the individual's old residence to the individual's new residence in the area of relocation; or
- (ii) The cost per mile at the prevailing mileage rate authorized under the Federal travel regulations (see 41 CFR part 101-7) for the usually traveled route from the individual's old residence to the individual's new residence in the area of relocation. No additional mileage shall be payable for family members traveling on the same trip in the same vehicle.
- (2) Lodging and meals. The cost allowable for lodging and meals for an individual or each member of the individual's family shall not exceed the lesser of:
- (i) The actual cost to the individual for lodging and meals while in travel status; or
- (ii) 50 percent of the prevailing per diem allowance rate authorized under the Federal travel regulations (see 41 CFR part 101-7) for the locality to which the relocation is made.
- (b) Separate travel. If, for good cause, a member or members of an individual's family must travel separately to the individual's new residence, 90 percent of the total costs of such separate travel, computed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, shall be included in calculating the total amount the individual is entitled to be paid under this subpart E. For purposes of this paragraph (b), good cause means such reasons as would justify the family member's inability to relocate with the other members of the individual's family, including but not limited to reasons related to the family member's health, schooling or economic circumstances.
- (c) *Limitation*. In no case may the individual be paid a travel allowance for the individual or a member of the indi-

vidual's family more than once in connection with a single relocation.

 $[51\ FR\ 45848,\ Dec.\ 22,\ 1986,\ as\ amended\ at\ 53\ FR\ 32351,\ Aug.\ 24,\ 1988]$ 

# §617.47 Moving allowance.

- (a) *Computation.* The amount of a moving allowance payable under §617.45(a)(2) shall be 90 percent of the total of the allowable costs under either (1), (2), or (3) of this paragraph, and 90 percent of the total allowable costs under (4) of this paragraph:
- (1) Commercial carrier. Allowable costs for moving household goods and personal effects of an individual and family, if any, shall not exceed the maximum number of pounds net weight authorized under the Federal travel regulations (see 41 CFR part 101-7) by commercial carrier from the individual's old residence to the individual's new residence in the area of relocation, including reasonable and necessary accessorial charges, by the most economical commercial carrier the individual reasonably can be expected to use. Before undertaking such move, the individual must submit to the State agency an estimate from a commercial carrier as to the cost thereof. Accessorial charges shall include the cost of insuring such goods and effects for their actual value or \$10,000, whichever is least, against loss or damage in transit, if a bid from a licensed insurer is obtained by the individual and approved by the State agency before departure. If a State agency finds it is more economical to pay a carrier an extra charge to assume the responsibility of a common carrier for such goods and effects, 90 percent of such extra charge, but not exceeding \$50, shall be paid in lieu of the cost of in-
- (2) Trailer or rental truck—(i) Trailer. If household goods and personal effects are moved by trailer, the allowable costs shall be:
- (A) If the trailer is hauled by private vehicle, the cost per mile for the use of the private vehicle at the prevailing mileage rate authorized under the Federal travel regulations (see 41 CFR part 101-7) for the usually traveled route from the individual's old residence to the individual's new residence in the area of relocation; and